This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application.

## LISTING OF CLAIMS

Claims 1, to 8. (Deleted)

Claim 9. (Currently amended) A compound of the formula

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein the dashed line[[s]] represents optional double bonds;

A is [[nitrogen or]] CH, or CCH<sub>3</sub>;

B  $-CR^{1}R^{2}R^{10}$   $-C(=CR^{2}R^{11})R^{1}$ ,  $-NHCR^{1}R^{2}R^{10}$ ,  $-OCR^{1}R^{2}R^{10}$ ,  $-SCR^{1}R^{2}R^{10}$ ,  $-CR^{2}R^{10}NHR^{1}$ ,  $-CR^{2}R^{10}OR^{1}$ ,  $-CR^{2}R^{10}SR^{1}$  or  $-COR^{2}$ ;

D is nitrogen or NR<sup>8</sup>;

E is selected from CR<sup>4</sup>, C=O, C=S, <u>and</u> [[sulfur, oxygen,]] CR<sup>4</sup>R<sup>6</sup> [[and NR<sup>8</sup>]]; G is carbon:

 $R^1$  is  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl optionally substituted with one or two substituents independently selected from hydroxy, fluoro, chloro, bromo, iodo, -O-( $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl),  $CF_3$ , -C(=O)O-( $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkyl), -OC(=O)( $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl), -OC(=O)N( $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl)( $C_1$ - $C_2$  alkyl), -NHCO( $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl), -COOH, -COO( $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl), -CONH( $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl), -CON( $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl)( $C_1$ - $C_2$  alkyl), -S( $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl), -CN, -NO<sub>2</sub>, -SO( $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl), -SO<sub>2</sub>( $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl), -SO<sub>2</sub>NH( $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl) and -SO<sub>2</sub>N( $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl)( $C_1$ - $C_2$  alkyl), wherein each of the  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl groups in the foregoing  $R^1$  groups may optionally contain one or two double or triple bonds;

R<sup>2</sup> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> alkyl which may optionally contain from one to three double or triple bonds, aryl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylene)aryl, wherein said aryl and the aryl moiety of said

(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylene)aryl is selected from phenyl, naphthyl, thienyl, benzothienyl, pyridyl, quinolyl, pyrazinyl, pyrimidinyl, imidazolyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, benzothiazolyl, isothiazolyl, pyrazolyl, pyrrolyl, indolyl, pyrrolopyridyl, oxazolyl and benzoxazolyl; C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylene)(C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl), wherein one or two of the carbon atoms of said cycloalkyl and the 5 to 8 membered eveloalkyl moieties of said (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylene)(C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl) may optionally and independently be replaced by an oxygen or sulfur atom or by NZ2 wherein Z2 is selected from hydrogen, C1-C4 alkyl, benzyl and C1-C4 alkanoyl, and wherein each of the foregoing R<sup>2</sup> groups may optionally be substituted with from one to three substituents independently selected from chloro, fluoro, hydroxy and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, or with one substituent selected from bromo, iodo, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy, -OC(=O)(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl),  $-OC(=O)N(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})(C_1-C_2 \text{ alkyl})$ ,  $-S(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})$ , amino,  $-NH(C_1-C_2 \text{ alkyl})$  $-N(C_1-C_2)$ alkyl)(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl).  $-N(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl)-CO-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -NHCO(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -COOH, -COO(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -CONH(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl),  $-CON(C_1-C_4 - aikyl)(C_1-C_2 - aikyl)$ , -SH, -CN,  $-NO_2$ ,  $-SO(C_1-C_4)$ alkyl), alkyl), -SO<sub>2</sub>(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -SO<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl) and -SO<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl)(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> alkyl);

-NR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>2</sup> or CR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>2</sup>R<sup>10</sup> may form a saturated 3 to 8 membered carbocyclic ring which may optionally contain from one to three double bonds and wherein one or two of the ring carbon atoms of such 5 to 8 membered rings may optionally and independently be replaced by an oxygen or sulfur atom or by NZ<sup>3</sup> wherein Z<sup>3</sup> is hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, benzyl or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkanoyl;

 $R^3$  is hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl, -O( $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl), chloro, fluoro, bromo, iodo, ( $C_1$ - $C_2$  alkylene)-O-( $C_1$ - $C_2$  alkyl), ( $C_1$ - $C_2$  alkylene)-OH, or -S( $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl);

each R<sup>4</sup> is, independently, hydrogen, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl), fluoro, chloro, bromo, iodo, hydroxy, cyano, amino, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> alkylene)-OH, CF<sub>3</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>SCH<sub>3</sub>, nitro, -O(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl)(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> alkyl), -S(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -CO(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -C(=O)H or -C(=O)O(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl);

R<sup>6</sup> is hydrogen, methyl or ethyl;

 $R^{\$}$  is hydrogen or  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl;

R<sup>5</sup> is phenyl, pyridyl, pyrazinyl, pyrimidyl, pyridazinyl and wherein each of the foregoing R<sup>5</sup> groups is substituted with from one to four substituents R<sup>13</sup> wherein one to three of said substituents may be selected, independently, from fluoro, chloro, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl and -O(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl) and one of said substituents may be selected from bromo. ìodo, formyl, OH.  $(C_1 - C_4)$ alkylene)-OH,  $(C_1-C_4$ alkylene)-O- $(C_1-C_2$  alkyl). -CN, -CF<sub>3</sub>, -NO<sub>2</sub>, -NH<sub>2</sub>, alkyl),  $-N(C_1-C_2)$ alkyl)(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl),  $-OCO(C_1-C_4)$ alkyl),  $(C_1-C_4)$ alkylene)-O- $(C_1-C_4 - alkyl)$ , -S $(C_1-C_6 - alkyl)$ ,  $(C_1 - C_4)$ alkylene)-S-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl),  $-C(=O)O(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl),  $-C(=O)(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl), -COOH,  $-SO_2NH(C_1-C_4)$ alkyl), -SO<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> alkyl)(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -SO<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, -NHSO<sub>2</sub>(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -S(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl) and -SO<sub>2</sub>(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl), and wherein each of the C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl moieties in the foregoing R<sup>5</sup> groups may optionally have one or two double bonds; R<sup>7</sup> is hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, chloro, fluoro, iodo, bromo, hydroxy, -O(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl),  $-C(=O)(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl),  $-C(=O)O(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl),  $-OCF_3$ ,  $-CF_3$ ,  $-CF_3$ or -CH<sub>2</sub>O(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> alkyl):

R<sup>10</sup> is, hydroxy, methoxy or fluoro;

R<sup>11</sup> is hydrogen or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts of such compounds.

Claim 10. (Deleted)

Claim 11. (Previously Amended) A compound according to claim 9 wherein E is CH, CCH<sub>3</sub> or CC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>.

Claims 12. to 18. (Deleted)

Claim 19. (Currently Amended) A pharmaceutical composition [[for treating or preventing a disorder or condition, the treatment or prevention of which can be effected or facilitated by inhibiting CRH binding protein in a mammal,]] comprising [[a CRH binding protein inhibiting amount of]] a compound according to claim 9 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

Claims 20. to 23. (Deleted)